

一、文法測驗

1. () A : _____ Mark _____ breakfast?
B : No, he's still sleeping.
(A) Have; eaten (B) Was; eating (C) Has; eaten (D) Does; eat

《答案》C

詳解：由回答的 No 可知，動作還沒完成，故用現在完成式。

2. () Max needs to finish his homework before _____ the video game.
(A) play (B) playing (C) plays (D) played

《答案》B

詳解：before 之後應接 V-ing。

3. () Jim is good at numbers, so he is bored _____ the math questions in class. They are too easy for him.
(A) at (B) on (C) with (D) to

《答案》C

詳解：bored 後接介系詞 with，表示「對……感到無聊」。

4. () Peter wants something _____ for his birthday party.
(A) above (B) cool (C) bottom (D) fill

《答案》B

詳解：修飾代名詞須用形容詞。

5. () Animals are an important part of nature, just like _____.
(A) us (B) we (C) our (D) ourselves

《答案》A

詳解：介系詞 like 後方須加上受詞，主詞與受詞不同，不需用反身代名詞。

6. () Tyra enjoyed _____ picture books with her friends last weekend.
(A) to reading (B) to read (C) reading (D) read

《答案》C

詳解：enjoy 後方須搭配動名詞。

7. () Our teacher is playing a video about how bread is made _____ flour.
(A) of (B) at (C) for (D) from

《答案》D

詳解：表達「由……製造」時，若製造過程有經過化學轉變，則用 made from。

8. () Going camping _____ interesting. No wonder many people like to do it on weekends.
(A) be (B) are (C) have been (D) is

《答案》D

詳解：動名詞當主詞時，動詞用單數。

9. () Your heart never lies _____ you.
(A) for (B) to (C) under (D) above

《答案》B

詳解：「對某人說謊」用「lie to +人」。

10. () Those children are hopping up and down _____ a piece of open land.
(A) above (B) under (C) on (D) in

《答案》C

詳解：「在空地上」的介系詞用 on。

11. () Jean is the apple _____ Mr. Cheng's eye. He loves his daughter very much.
(A) on (B) in (C) of (D) with

《答案》C

詳解：the apple of one's eye 表示「眼中的蘋果」，意思就是「掌上明珠」。

12. () The pants I bought for my son last night _____ too short.

(A) is (B) was (C) are (D) be

《答案》C

詳解：主詞 **the pants** 為複數名詞，應搭配複數 **be** 動詞。

13. () A: Have you ever _____ to London?

B: Yes, but only once.

(A) being (B) went (C) been (D) gone

《答案》C

詳解：「**have / has been to + 某地**」表示「曾經去過某地方」。

14. () I haven't done the dishes _____. Please wait for five minutes.

(A) already (B) yet (C) before (D) since

《答案》B

詳解：**yet** 意為「尚未、還沒」，現在完成式中常與否定句連用。

15. () A-wei: This typhoon is so terrible!

A-fen: Yes, I'm not sure _____ we can still go fishing tomorrow.

(A) who

(B) what

(C) which

(D) whether

《答案》D

16. () When Nick asked me to buy those things, the supermarket _____. So I'll buy them tomorrow morning.

(A) have closed (B) closed (C) had closed (D) was closing

《答案》C

詳解：超市已經關門了，所以明天早上才能買。用過去完成式表示時間順序較前。

17. () My husband is getting heavier and heavier. I want to know _____.

(A) if he eats too much

(B) if he is a fashion designer

(C) whether he is my husband or not

(D) whether he should go to high school

《答案》A

詳解：我的丈夫越來越胖了。我想知道「他是否吃太多」。

18. () Look at the photo _____ Matt took. It is so beautiful.

(A) which (B) who (C) where (D) when

《答案》A

詳解：先行詞 **the photo** 是物，關係代名詞用 **which** 或 **that**。

19. () A: Have you _____ your room?

B: Yes, I _____.

(A) cleaned; has (B) clean; am (C) cleaned; have (D) cleaning; have

《答案》C

詳解：由助動詞 **Have** 可知，應用過去分詞 **cleaned** 表示完成式。答句為肯定簡答，且主詞是第一人稱，應用助動詞 **have**。

20. () Before we _____ to the movie theater, the movie had already begun.

(A) got (B) have got (C) get (D) had got

《答案》A

詳解：「到達電影院」較晚發生，故用過去簡單式。

21. () The letter _____ in Japanese. Can you read it?

(A) written (B) was written (C) wrote (D) is writing

《答案》B

詳解：信是「被寫」，用被動語態「**be** 動詞 + **Vp.p.**」。

22. () Gary's parents know that we won't be home until (直到) eleven. He told _____ that before

we left.

(A) their (B) themselves (C) they (D) them

《答案》D

詳解：Gary 告訴他父母我們十一點會回到家，故空格內應填入 they 的受格 them。

23. () The store not only _____ flour but also teaches people to bake a cake.

(A) sell (B) sells (C) selling (D) sold

《答案》B

詳解：not only... but (also)... 表示「不僅.....而且.....」，由後句動詞 teaches，可知應選 sells。

24. () Mike couldn't tell _____ or not. He decided to check with her best friend.

(A) that Rachel liked him

(B) what Rachel liked

(C) if Rachel liked him

(D) when he liked Rachel

《答案》C

詳解：Mike 不知道 Rachel 是否 (whether / if) 喜歡他。所以他決定去向她最要好的朋友確認。

25. () Stockholm is the one _____ was named the greenest city in 2010.

(A) it (B) whose (C) who (D) that

《答案》D

詳解：先行詞是 the one 且指城市時，關係代名詞用 that。

26. () _____ you don't give up, you will make your dream come true.

(A) As soon as (B) When (C) As long as (D) Though

《答案》C

詳解：「只要」你不放棄，你就會讓夢想成真。

27. () Could you call me _____ you arrive at the airport?

(A) as long as (B) as soon as

(C) as far as (D) as fast as

《答案》B

28. () These shoes aren't Jack's. I know _____, and they're not white.

(A) Jack's shoes are what color

(B) what color Jack's shoes are

(C) Jack's shoes color are what

(D) what color are Jack's shoes

《答案》B

詳解：這雙鞋子不是 Jack 的。我知道「它們是什麼顏色」，而他們並非白色；疑問詞一律置於間接問句句首，且 what color 不可分開，而後方的主詞與 be 動詞的位置必須前後調換。

29. () Jane is the woman _____ many men dream to go out with.

(A) what (B) × (C) she (D) which

《答案》B

詳解：當先行詞為形容詞子句的受詞時，關係代名詞 who 或 that 可省略。

30. () A: How can I be a good friend?

B: A good friend knows _____.

(A) his friend needs

(B) does his friend need

(C) what his friend needs

(D) what does his friend need

《答案》C

詳解：wh- 引導的名詞子句句型為「wh- 疑問詞+主詞+動詞」。

31. () Vivian sent some postcards _____ she bought in Europe to her friends.

(A) they (B) what (C) × (D) what

《答案》C

詳解：先行詞 **the postcards** 為物，關係代名詞用 **which** 或 **that**，當先行詞為子句的受詞時，關係代名詞可省略。

32. () Jessica _____ her housework before she _____ to bed.

- (A) has finished; goes
- (B) has finished; went
- (C) had finished; went
- (D) had finished; goes

《答案》C

詳解：**Jessica** 做完家事後，就會去睡覺。「做家事」先發生，用過去完成式；「去睡覺」後發生，用過去簡單式。

33. () Last night I had a bad dream. In my dream, I _____ to a room by three strange-looking people.

- (A) am taken
- (B) was taken
- (C) have been taken
- (D) would be taken

《答案》B

34. () Don't spend too much time on online games, _____?

- (A) do you
- (B) don't you
- (C) will you
- (D) won't you

《答案》C

詳解：肯定或否定祈使句的附加問句用 **will you** 表示。

35. () A : Can we learn anything from this book?

B : No, we can't learn _____.

- (A) nothing usefully
- (B) anything usefully
- (C) nothing useful
- (D) anything useful

《答案》D

36. () We _____ at the airport (機場), haven't we?

- (A) arrive
- (B) have arrived
- (C) are arriving
- (D) arrived

《答案》B

詳解：附加問句為否定 **haven't**，原句用肯定 **have**。

37. () The boy and his pet _____ are playing under the tree look so happy.

- (A) what
- (B) that
- (C) X
- (D) who

《答案》B

詳解：先行詞有「人+物」，關係代名詞用 **that**。

38. () Students should follow the school rules, _____?

- (A) shouldn't they
- (B) should they
- (C) shouldn't them
- (D) should them

《答案》A

詳解：原句為肯定句，用否定附加問句。

39. () Bill is _____ tall _____ now to go on the ride. He needs to wait another year or two before he can.

- (A) so; that
- (B) too; to
- (C) not; only
- (D) not; enough

《答案》D

詳解：**Bill** 現在還不夠高 (**not tall enough**)，所以無法騎上腳踏車。

40. () Mrs. Lin asked Jerry _____.

- (A) why did he finish the report
- (B) how did he finish the report
- (C) how the report was finished
- (D) when was the report finished

《答案》C

詳解：wh- 引導的名詞子句句型為「wh- 疑問詞＋主詞＋動詞」。